

Israel, God's Nation of Priests

FellowshipOfTheSpirit.org

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Edom

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Oracle

A command or revelation from God.

American Heritage Dictionary

Shem

A name; renown, the first mentioned of the sons of Noah ([Gen 5:32](#); [Gen 6:10](#)). He was probably the eldest of Noah's sons. The words "brother of Japheth the elder" in [Gen 10:21](#) are more correctly rendered "the elder brother of Japheth," as in the Revised Version. Shem's name is generally mentioned first in the list of Noah's sons. He and his wife were saved in the ark ([Gen 7:13](#)). Noah foretold his preeminence over Canaan ([Gen 9:23-27](#)). He died at the age of six hundred years, having been for many years contemporary with Abraham, according to the usual chronology. The Israelitish nation sprang from him ([Gen. 11:10-26](#); [1Ch 1:24-27](#)). See table of descendants:

Easton Bible Dictionary

Ham

1. The Youngest son of Noah, born probably about 96 years before the flood; and one of eight persons to live through the flood. He became the progenitor of the dark races; not the Negroes, but the Egyptians, Ethiopians, Libyans, and Canaanites (Gen. 10:6-20). His indecency, when his father lay drunken, brought a curse upon Canaan (Gen. 9:20-27). 2. City E of the Jordan (Gen. 14:5). 3. The descendants of the original Ham (Pss. 78:51; 105:23 106:22). In these passages "Ham" is used as another name for Egypt as representing Ham's principle descendants.

Zondervan's Compact Bible Dictionary

Japheth

Ja'pheth. (*enlargement*). One of the three sons of Noah. The descendants of Japheth, occupied the "isles of the Gentiles," [Gen 10:5](#), -- that is, the coast lands of the Mediterranean Sea, in Europe and Asia Minor -- whence, they spread northward over the whole continent of Europe, and a considerable portion of Asia.

Smith's Bible Dictionary

Idumaea and the Idumeans

West of the *'Arabah* the country they occupied came to be known by the Greek name *Idumaea*, and the people as Idumeans. Hebron, their chief city, was taken by Judas Maccabeus in 165 bc (1 Macc 4:29, 61; 5:65). In 126 bc the country was subdued by John Hyrcanus, who compelled the people to become Jews and to submit to circumcision. Antipater, governor of Idumaea, was made procurator of Judea, Samaria and Galilee by Julius Caesar. He paved the way to the throne for his son Herod the Great. With the fall of Judah under the Romans, Idumaea disappears from history.

International Standard Bible Encyclopedia

Faith survives the dispersion

The crucifixion of Jesus about AD 30 did not end Jewish resistance to the Roman occupation. In 70, when the country was again in a state of revolt, Jerusalem, the holy city, became the core of the resistance to the Romans. Titus, the son Emperor Vespasian, proceeded to lay siege to Jerusalem. The city fell, and the inhabitants were enslaved in their thousands and dispersed throughout the Mediterranean world.

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[Before the Common Era](#),

Before the Current Era, or Before the Christian Era. Date notation equivalent to BC (Before Christ). Common Era (CE), Current Era, or Christian Era is the equivalent alternative to [AD](#).

The [Herodian Kingdom](#) and era (35 BCE - 96 CE)

The Romans installed [Herod](#) as a Jewish [client king](#) under [Roman](#) rule, in around 19 BCE. As king of Judaea, Herod upgraded the Temple complex and rebuilt the Temple itself. That structure is known as the [Second Temple](#), and was the most important of the

many improvements Herod made to the city. After Herod's death, the province of Judea and the city of Jerusalem came under direct Roman rule in 6 CE through Roman [procurators](#) but Herod's descendants; in the order of [Archelaus](#), [Agrippa I](#) and [Agrippa II](#) remained kings of Judea until 96 C.E, almost thirty years after the destruction of the Temple.

Wikipedia Free Encyclopedia

Edom

(ē'dom) , **Idumaea**, or **Idumea** (both: īdy#PRIVATE "TYPE=PICT;ALT=symbol"mē'#PRIVATE "TYPE=PICT;ALT=symbol") , mountainous country, called also Mt. Seir. According to the Book of Genesis, it was given to [Esau](#), also called Edom, and his descendants. It extended along the eastern border of the Arabah valley, from the Dead Sea to Elat. Edomite history was marked by continuous hostility and warfare with Jews, Assyrians, and Syrians. At the end of the 2d cent. , they were subdued by Hasmonaean priest-king John Hyrcanus I, forcibly circumcised, and merged with the Jews. [Herod](#) the Great was Idumaeen. The Romans grouped Idumaea with Judaea and Samaria in one procuratorship. After the destruction of Jerusalem, Idumaea was included in Arabia Petraea.

Columbia Encyclopedia